Prasanta Chandra Mahalanobis Mahavidyalaya



(Accredited by NAAC) 111/3, B.T. Road (Bon-Hooghly), Kolkata – 70018 Phone: 8697169513 E-mail :pcmm.principal@gmail.com Website: www.pcmm.edu.in

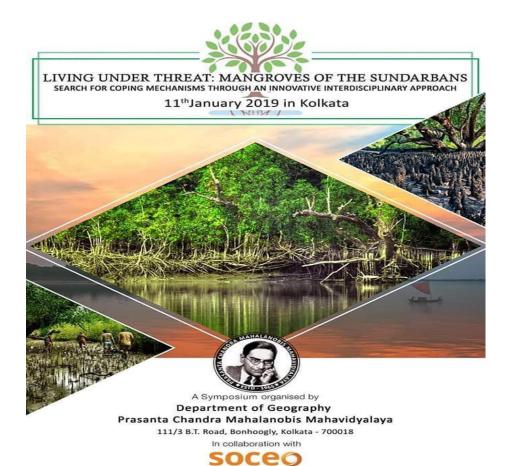
A State Level Seminar on Living Under Threats; Mangroves of Sunderban

Date: 11.01.2019 Venue: Seminar Hall, Room no 15, College Premises Number of Participants: 79 **Name and Designation of Resource Person(s):** Dr. Shruti Agrawal. Time: 10.30 am – 5.30 pm

Organizing Committee: Department of Geography and IQAC in collaboration with SOCEO.

Brief Report: The Seminar was inaugurated by the honourable Deputy Counsul General Mr Schord German Consulate Kolktata at 10.30 a,m in Prasanta Chandra Mahalanobis Mahavidyalaya. The director . SOCEO, Mr Sujoy Chatterjee and Principal Prasanta Chandra Mahalanobis Mahavidyalaya, Dr Shyamal Karmokar welcomed all delegates and participants. Dr Alpana Ray. Head Of the Department gave a short speech on the imporatne eof the seminar in brief . In the First half The Resource Persons Dr Mehebub Sahana, WWF india, Dr Punorbasu Chowdhury, Environmental Science, University of Calcutta, prog Sugata Hazra, School of Oceanographic Studies, Dr A.A Danda World Bank Consultant delivered their speech on the consequences of depleting Mangrove forests in Sunderban and its role in climate change in Indian scenario.In the second half a Panel discussion renowned Professors from Universities and colleges participated.

The Resouce persons had focused on the issues of a sprawling mangrove forest straddling the coasts of Bangladesh and India, faces a multitude of threats jeopardizing its delicate ecosystem and the communities reliant upon it. Climate change looms as a primary menace, driving rising sea levels, intensifying cyclones, and altering precipitation patterns. These changes exacerbate saltwater intrusion, leading to soil salinization and jeopardizing the survival of mangrove species crucial for the ecosystem's stability. Human activities further compound the challenges confronting the Sundarbans. Deforestation, fueled by illegal logging and land conversion for agriculture and infrastructure, diminishes the mangrove's ability to act as a buffer against storm surges and erosion. The Sundarbans' status as a UNESCO World Heritage Site and habitat for the iconic Bengal tiger amplifies the human-wildlife conflict. Encounters between tigers and villagers result in casualties and provoke retaliatory killings, escalating tensions between conservation efforts and human needs. In conclusion, the Sundarbans mangrove forests confront a precarious future amid mounting threats. Urgent action is required to address climate change, curb deforestation, mitigate pollution, and foster coexistence between humans and wildlife. Only through collaborative and concerted efforts can we preserve the Sundarbans' ecological integrity, safeguard the livelihoods of local communities, and ensure the survival of this invaluable natural heritage for generations to come. The total partcipants were 79 in the seminar. In the valedictory session Dr Alpana Ray, Head of the Department gave a vote of thanks to all of them and the programme ended with Certificates giving ceremony.







Committee for organizing seminar





Programme Schedule



Mr Schord German Consulate Kolktata Inaugurated the seminar



DR MEHABUB SAHANA FROM WWF INDIA DELIVERED LECTURE



PARTICIPANTS IN THE SEMINAR



PROFESSOR SUGATA HAZRA, SCHOOL OF OCEANOGRAPHIC STUDIES JADAVPUR UNIVERSITY



Pannel Discusion in the Second Half



Dr.Shyamal Karmakar, Principal